- Set Items Description
- S1 17564996 S DOCUMENT? OR OBJECT? OR DATASET? OR DATAOBJECT? OR HIT OR HITS OR RESULT? OR RETRIEV?
- S2 661,6060 S OUTCOME? OR REPLY? OR REPLIE? OR REPORT? OR READING? OR FEEDBACK? OR (FEED??? OR FED) () BACK?
- S3 3719754 S SOFTWARE()OBJECT? OR DATABASE? OR DOMAIN? OR COLUMN? OR TABLE? OR DATAOBJECT? OR DATASTRUCTUR? OR DATAVALUE?
- S4 165810 S DATA() (ENTIT? OR STRUCTUR?) OR OBJECTMODEL? OR OBJECT() MODEL? OR DATARECORD? OR DATA() RECORD?
- S5 5181 S DATACOMMAND? OR DATAORDER? OR DATAUNIT? OR DATA()UNIT? OR DATA()MESSAG? OR DATA?()INSTRUCT
- S6 45884 S DATABYTE? OR DATABLOCK? OR DATA() (BLOCK? OR REQUEST? OR INPUT? OR TYPE? OR MEMBER? OR VALUE?) OR DATATYPE?
- S7 2145889 S RANK? OR SORT??? OR PRIORIT? OR HIERARCH? OR HIERAT? OR TOTEM() POLE? OR PECKING() ORDER? OR TAXONOM? OR FILTER?
- S8 478409 S QUERY? OR ASK OR ASKS OR ASKED OR ASKING OR INQUIR? OR INTERROGAT? OR DATAMIN? OR DATA() (MINE? OR MINING)
- S9 10515378 S SEARCH? OR FIND? OR LOCAT? OR RESEARCH? OR FETCH? OR LOOK? () UP OR LOOKUP? OR SELECT? OR CULL? OR FERRET?
- S10 5984081 S S1:S6 AND S7:S9
- S11 985660 S S1:S6 AND S7
- S12 459050 S RULE? OR PROTOCOL? OR PARAMETER? OR TRAIT? OR CHARACTERISTIC? OR MODEL? OR STANDARD?
- S13 72675 S BENCHMARK? OR YARDSTICK? OR PROCEDUR?
- S14 66558 S GUIDELINE? OR GUIDE () LINE? OR LAW OR LAWS OR CRITERIA? OR CRITERION?
- S15 164264 S POLICY? OR POLICIES OR PREFEREN? OR PROPERT? OR REGULATION? OR
- PRINCIPLE?
- S16 80353 S WEIGHT? OR PROBABILIT? OR EIGENWEIGHT?
- S17 218632 S RELATED? OR KINSHIP? OR CORRELAT? OR SIMILAR? OR LIKENESS? OR ALIKE? OR CONGRUENT? OR IDENTICAL?
- S18 159025 S CLOSENESS? OR RELEVAN? OR SIGNIFIC? OR FREQUEN? (2N) DISTRIBUT? OR NEARNESS? OR PROXIMIT?
- S19 109998 S DEPENDEN? OR GERMANE? OR PERTINEN? OR PREPONDERAN? OR RELATIONSHIP?
- S20 70451 S GROUPING? OR INFEREN? OR CORRESPOND?
- S21 127257 S COMBINE? OR COMBINING? OR COMBINATION? OR BLEND? OR CONSOLIDAT? OR SYNTHESIZ? OR SYNTHESIS?
- S22 89864 S INTEGRAT? OR COMMINGL? OR INTERMING? OR INTERMIX? OR COMMIX? OR AGGREGAT?
- S23 267601 S NUMBER? OR TOTAL? OR COUNT? OR HOW() MANY OR QUANTIT? OR SUMMAR? OR DATACOUNT?
- S24 119522 S SUM? ? OR ACCUMULAT? OR CUMULAT? OR (ADD? ? OR ADDED OR ADDING) () UP OR CALCULAT? OR COMPUTE OR COMPUTED
- S25 110340 S COMPUTING OR SUMMAT? OR TALLY? OR ACCOUNTING? OR COMPUTATION?
- S26 40925 S AMASS? OR TOTTED OR COMPIL? OR AMOUNT? OR TALLY?
- S27 136387 S SCORE? OR SCORING? OR GRADE? OR GRADING OR RATE? OR RATING?
- S28 201271 S PREDICT? OR ANTICIPAT? OR FORETELL? OR FORETOLD? OR FUTURE? OR RECOGNI? OR INFER? OR DEDUCE? OR DEDUCTION? OR DEDUCING?
- S29 37937 S NEURAL() (NET OR NETWORK?) OR (MACHINE? OR COMPUTER?) () LEARN? OR ARTIFICIAL?() INTELLIGENC? OR FUZZY() (LOGIC? OR INFERENC? OR THEOR?)
- S30 126577 S FORESHADOW? OR PRESAG? OR FORESEE? OR FORESAW? OR PROGNOSTIC? OR DIVINAT? OR DIVINING? OR ESTIMAT? OR DISAMBIGUAT?
- S31 100293 S AUGUR? OR FORECAST? OR PORTEND? OR PROPHES? OR GUESS? OR ASSUM? OR PRESUM? OR CONJECTUR? OR INTUIT? OR DIAGNOS?
- S32 118143 S PREVIOUS? OR BEFORE? OR PAST OR PREDAT? OR ANTEDAT? OR PRECEDING? OR PRECEDE? OR PREDECESS? OR SUCCESSOR? OR ANCEST?
- S33 108183 S FORMER OR ERSTWHILE? OR EARLIER? OR ANTECED? OR ORIGINAL? OR INITIAL? OR BETA? ? OR PREEXTANT? OR PREEXIST?
- S34 69757 S PRESELECT? OR PREDETERMIN? OR PRECHOOS? OR PREDAT? OR PRELIMINAR? OR

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BEFOREHAND? OR PREDEFIN? OR PRIOR OR ADVANC? OR PREDESIGNAT?
                S S11 AND S8:S9 AND S12:S15 AND S16:S20 AND S21:S26 AND S27 AND (S28:S31
S35
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OR S32:S34)
S36
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S37
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                S S35:S36
S38
         3198
                S S37 AND (S7 AND S27) (7N) S8:S9
S39
                S S38 AND S21:S26(5N)S16:S20
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         1029
S40
                S S38 AND S36
S41
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                S S39 AND S40
S42
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                S S38:S40
S43
          315
                S S42 AND S32:S34(7N)S16:S20
          58
S44
                S $41 AND $43
S45
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                S S41 OR S43
S46
          262
                S S45 AND S12:S15(7N)(S7 OR S27)
S47
          140
                S $45 AND $8:$9(5N)$1:$6
S48
           68
               S S46 AND S47
S49
          334
                S S46:S47
           70
                S S49 AND S21:S26(5N)S16:S20(10N)(S27 OR S7)(5N)S8:S9 AND S12:S15(5N)(S7
S50
OR S27)
S51
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S52
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S53
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S54
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                S S52:S53
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S55
          119
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# [File 2] INSPEC 1898-2006/Aug W1

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# [File 6] NTIS 1964-2006/Aug W1

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# [File 8] Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2006/Aug W1

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# [File 56] Computer and Information Systems Abstracts 1966-2006/Jul

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# [File 99] Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2006/Jul

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# [File 239] Mathsci 1940-2006/Oct

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# [File 256] TecInfoSource 82-2006/Nov

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- Set Items Description
- S1 2664950 DOCUMENT? OR OBJECT? OR DATASET? OR DATAOBJECT? OR HIT OR HITS OR RESULT? OR RETRIEV?
- S2 587832 OUTCOME? OR REPLY? OR REPLIE? OR REPORT? OR READING? OR FE-EDBACK? OR (FEED??? OR FED) () BACK?
- 955819 SOFTWARE()OBJECT? OR DATABASE? OR DOMAIN? OR COLUMN? OR TABLE? OR DATAOBJECT? OR DATASTRUCTUR? OR DATAVALUE?
- S4 60545 DATA()(ENTIT? OR STRUCTUR?) OR OBJECTMODEL? OR OBJECT()MOD-EL? OR DATARECORD? OR DATA()RECORD?
- S5 8204 DATACOMMAND? OR DATAORDER? OR DATAUNIT? OR DATA()UNIT? OR DATA()MESSAG? OR DATA?()INSTRUCT
- S6 95097 DATABYTE? OR DATABLOCK? OR DATA()(BLOCK? OR REQUEST? OR IN-PUT? OR TYPE? OR MEMBER? OR VALUE?) OR DATATYPE?
- S7 343013 RANK? OR SORT??? OR PRIORIT? OR HIERARCH? OR HIERAT? OR TO-TEM() POLE? OR PECKING() ORDER? OR TAXONOM?
- S8 119666 S1:S6 AND S7
- S9 55506 QUERY? OR ASK OR ASKS OR ASKED OR ASKING OR INQUIR? OR INT-ERROGAT? OR DATAMIN? OR DATA()(MINE? OR MINING)
- S10 3422301 SEARCH? OR FIND? OR LOCAT? OR RESEARCH? OR FETCH? OR LOOK?()UP OR LOOKUP? OR SELECT? OR CULL? OR FERRET?
- S11 948516 S1:S6 AND S9:S10
- S12 1016783 S8 OR S11
- S13 207842 RULE? OR PROTOCOL? OR PARAMETER? OR TRAIT? OR CHARACTERIST-IC? OR MODEL? OR STANDARD?
- S14 33181 BENCHMARK? OR YARDSTICK? OR PROCEDUR?
- S15 12910 GUIDELINE? OR GUIDE()LINE? OR LAW OR LAWS OR CRITERIA? OR CRITERION?
- 88098 POLICY? OR POLICIES OR PREFEREN? OR PROPERT? OR REGULATION? OR PRINCIPLE?
- S17 73002 WEIGHT? OR PROBABILIT? OR EIGENWEIGHT?
- S18 132792 RELATED? OR KINSHIP? OR CORRELAT? OR SIMILAR? OR LIKENESS? OR ALIKE? OR CONGRUENT? OR IDENTICAL?
- 519 58673 CLOSENESS? OR RELEVAN? OR SIGNIFIC? OR FREQUEN?(2N)DISTRIB-UT? OR NEARNESS? OR PROXIMIT?
- 50099 DEPENDEN? OR GERMANE? OR PERTINEN? OR PREPONDERAN? OR RELATIONSHIP?
- S21 220534 GROUPING? OR INFEREN? OR CORRESPOND?
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- S24 284767 NUMBER? OR TOTAL? OR COUNT? OR HOW()MANY OR QUANTIT? OR SU-MMAR? OR DATACOUNT?
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- S26 33000 COMPUTING OR SUMMAT? OR TALLY? OR ACCOUNTING? OR COMPUTATION?
- S27 102055 AMASS? OR TOTTED OR COMPIL? OR AMOUNT? OR TALLY?
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- S29 78639 PREDICT? OR ANTICIPAT? OR FORETELL? OR FORETOLD? OR FUTURE? OR RECOGNI? OR INFER? OR DEDUCE? OR DEDUCTION? OR DEDUCING?
- 3260 NEURAL()(NET OR NETWORK?) OR (MACHINE? OR COMPUTER?)()LEAR-N? OR ARTIFICIAL?()INTELLIGENC? OR FUZZY()(LOGIC? OR INFERENC? OR THEOR?)
- S31 20189 FORESHADOW? OR PRESAG? OR FORESEE? OR FORESAW? OR PROGNOST-IC? OR DIVINAT? OR DIVINING? OR ESTIMAT? OR DISAMBIGUAT?
- S32 43105 AUGUR? OR FORECAST? OR PORTEND? OR PROPHES? OR GUESS? OR A-SSUM? OR PRESUM? OR CONJECTUR? OR INTUIT? OR DIAGNOS?
- S33 236487 IC=G06F?
- S34 207820 MC=T01?

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S38
         4521
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                 S37 AND S38
S39
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S40
          428
                 $39 AND $33:$34
S41
          810
                 S39:S40
S42
          371
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                 S41 AND S13:S16
          563
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S45
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                S43 AND (S42 OR S44)
                S45 AND S28(5N)(S7 OR S9:S10)
S46
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S47
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S48
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S49
S50
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S51
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S60
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S61
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                IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
File 347: JAPIO Dec 1976-2005/Dec (Updated 060404)
         (c) 2006 JPO & JAPIO
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2006/UD=200651
         (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation
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61/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

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0014189149 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2004-374561/ XRAM Acc No: C2004-140848 XRPX Acc No: N2004-298007

Designing material that most closely matches desired set of properties, e.g. engineering thermoplastic material, comprises obtaining input parameter and retrieving actual property values for existing runs from global data repository

Patent Assignee: AMLADI V (AMLA-I); DOGANAKSOY N (DOGA-I); GARDNER M M (GARD-I); GENERAL ELECTRIC CO (GENE); MISHRA S (MISH-I); REDDY D D (REDD-I); SAINI P (SAIN-I)

Inventor: AMLADI V; DOGANAKSOY N; GARDNER M M; MISHRA S; REDDY D D; SAINI P
Patent Family (3 patents, 33 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Update Date US 20040083083 20040429 US 2002281658 200435 A1 A 20021028 20040506 EP 2003256822 EP 1416403 A2 Α 20031028 200435 JP 2004158008 20040603 JP 2003366753 Α A 20031028 200436

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2002281658 A 20021028

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

US 20040083083 A1 EN 17 6

EP 1416403 A2 EN

Regional Designated States, Original: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR JP 2004158008 A JA 27

Designing material that most closely matches desired set of properties, e.g. engineering thermoplastic material, comprises obtaining input parameter and retrieving actual property values for existing runs from global data repository

#### Original Titles:

 $\dots$  Systems and methods for designing a new material that best matches a desired set of  $\ensuremath{\,\mathbf{properties}}$ 

...SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR DESIGNING NEW MATERIAL BEST MATCHING DESIRED SET OF CHARACTERISTIC

...Systems and methods for designing a new material that best matches an desired set of **properties** 

Alerting Abstract ...NOVELTY - Designing a material that most closely matches a desired set of properties comprises obtaining input parameter (s) from a user; retrieving actual property values for preliminary matching existing experimental run(s) from a global data repository; determining how well each run matches a desired set of property values; and outputting the results to the user....for a system for designing a material that most closely matches a desired set of properties comprising a mechanism for obtaining input parameter (s) from a user; a mechanism for retrieving actual property values for preliminary matching existing

experimental run(s) from a global data repository; a material **selection** algorithm operable for determining how well each preliminary matching existing experimental run matches a desired set of **property** values; and a mechanism for outputting the **results** to the user...

- ...USE For formulating an experimental **grade** engineering thermoplastic material, a developmental **grade** engineering thermoplastic material or a commercial **grade** engineering thermoplastic material (claimed...
- ...identifies which existing experimental run or newly created material best matches a desired set of **properties** so that product development time can be minimized...
- ...DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS The figure is a flowchart showing the material properties retrieval and overall match score calculations that are performed in the invention.

#### Technology Focus

INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Method: The determining step comprises scoring each property value of each run to create a scored property value; and calculating an overall match score for each preliminary matching existing experimental run. Calculating an overall match score comprises weighting each scored property value by taking a weight value for each property into account to create a weighted scored property value; multiplying each weighted property value together; and raising the multiplied quantity to 1/( sum of all the priorities ). The preliminary matching existing experimental runs are sorted by their respective overall match scores prior to outputting the results to the user. The runs are sorted in descending order based on their respective overall match scores . At least one new material that may more closely match the desired set of properties than any existing experimental run is predicted . Each property value of each new material is scored to create a scored property value. An overall match score for each new material is calculated . The predicting step comprises applying a transfer function to **predict** the new material that may more closely match the desired set of properties than any existing experimental run. If at least one input parameter obtained from the user is maximize the property and if the actual property value is less than a minimum acceptable property value, then the scored property value is 0. If at least one input parameter obtained from the user is maximize the property value and if the actual property value is greater than a maximum acceptable property value, then the scored property value is 1. If at least one input parameter obtained from the user is maximize the property value and if the actual property value is not less than a minimum acceptable value and not greater than a maximum acceptable property value, then the scored property value may be calculated using the desirability function [(APV-MIN)/(MAX-MIN)] raised to the x, wherein APV is actual property value, MAX is user-specified maximum acceptable property value, MIN is user-specified minimum acceptable property value, and x is the weight value. If at least one input parameter obtained from the user is minimize the property value and if the actual property value is greater than a maximum acceptable property value, then the scored property value is 0. If at least one input parameter obtained from the user is minimize the property value, and if the actual property value is less than a minimum acceptable property value, then the scored property value is 1. If at least one input parameter obtained from the user is minimize the property value and if

the actual property value is not greater than a maximum acceptable property value and not less than a minimum acceptable property value,
then the scored property value may be calculated using the property value may be calculated using the desirability function [(MAX-APV)/(MAX-MIN)] raised to the x. If at least input parameter obtained from the user is hit a target point value for the property value and if APV is greater than of equal to DPV and APV is less than or equal to MAX, then the scored property value may be calculated using the desirability function [(MAX-APV)/(MAX-DPV)] raised to the x where DPV is user-specified desired property value. If at least one input parameter obtained from the user is hit a target point value for the property value and if the actual property value is greater than a maximum acceptable property value, then the scored property value is 0. If at least one input parameter obtained from the user is hit a target point value for the property value and if APV is less than or equal to DPV and greater than or equal to MIN, then the scored value may be calculated using the desirability function [(APV-MIN)/(DPV-MIN)] raised to the x. If at least one input parameter obtained from the user is hit a target point value for the property value and if the actual property value is less than a minimum acceptable property value, then the scored property value is 0. If at least one input parameter obtained from the user is keep the property value within a given range of acceptable property values, and if MIN<=APV<=MAX, property value is 1. If at least one input parameter then the scored obtained from the user is to keep the property value within a given range of acceptable property values, and if APV is greater than MAX or APV is less than MIN, then the scored property value is 0. If a high priority exists for a property , a priority value of 5 is assigned to that property . If a medium priority exists for a property . a priority value of 3 is assigned to that property . If a low priority exists for a property , a priority value of 1 is assigned to that property . The overall match score is calculated using the formula (I). Equation (I), page 9 claim 27 Preferred Parameters; The input parameter comprises a specific raw material to search for, a design space to retain for advanced searching, a design space to retain for scoring, a property to be searched , units for each property to be searched , acceptable property values for each property to be searched , a goal for each property to be searched, or a priority value for each property to be searched . The goal for each property value to be searched comprises maximize the property value, minimize the property value, hit a target point value for the property value, or keep the property value within a given range of acceptable property values. The priority value for each property to be searched comprises high, medium or low...

Title Terms.../Index Terms/Additional Words: PROPERTIES; ...

... PARAMETER; ...

... RETRIEVAL;

Class Codes
International Classification (Main): G06F-017/50 ...

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): **T01-J** 

... G06F-019/00

Original Publication Data by Authority

#### Original Abstracts:

...identifying which existing experimental run, or newly-created material, best matches a desired set of properties are described so that product development time can be minimized. Users may input the properties they desire in a material, the acceptable values of those properties, the goals for each property, and a priority value for each property. Preliminary matching existing experimental runs may be retrieved from an experimental run database. One of four desirability functions may then be utilized to calculate a scored property value for each property of each existing experimental run. The scored property value may then be weighted to account for the priority value assigned to each property. The results may then be sorted in descending order based on their overall match scores, and output to the user so the best matching existing experimental run(s) is readily identifiable by the user. Additionally, new materials may be predicted, scored, weighted and sorted so that a better match of the desired properties may be created

...identifying which existing experimental run, or newly-created material, best matches a desired set of properties are described so that product development time can be minimized. Users may input the properties they desire in a material, the acceptable values of those properties , the goals for each property , and a priority value for each property . Preliminary matching existing experimental runs may be retrieved from an experimental run database . One of four desirability functions may then be utilized to calculate a scored property value for each property of each existing experimental run. The scored property value may then be weighted to account for the priority value assigned to each property . The results may then be sorted in descending order based on their overall match scores , and output to the user so the best matching existing experimental run(s) is readily identifiable by the user. Additionally, new materials may be predicted, scored, weighted and sorted so that a better match of the desired properties may be created. Claims:

A method for designing a material that most closely matches a desired set of properties, the method comprising:obtaining at least one input parameter from a user; retrieving actual property values for at least one preliminary matching existing experimental run from a global data repository;determining how well each preliminary matching existing experimental run matches a desired set of property values; andoutputting the results to the user...

...is: b 1 /b . A method for designing a material that most closely matches a desired set of properties, the method comprising:obtaining at least one input parameter from a user; retrieving actual property values for at least one preliminary matching existing experimental run from a global data repository; determining how well each preliminary matching existing experimental run matches a desired set of property values; and outputting the results to the user.

61/3,K/12 (Item 12 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0014638615 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2004-820615/ XRPX Acc No: N2004-647857

Estimation of probability of future event for intellectual property assets, involves constructing model or algorithm using metrics identifying/quantifying characteristics of intellectual property assets for which event has/has not occurred

Patent Assignee: BARNEY J A (BARN-I)

Inventor: BARNEY J A

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update US 20040220842 A1 20041104 US 2003425554 A 20030429 200481 B

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2003425554 A 20030429

#### Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes US 20040220842 Al EN 29 12

Estimation of probability of future event for intellectual property assets, involves constructing model or algorithm using metrics identifying/quantifying characteristics of intellectual property assets for which event has/has not occurred

# Original Titles:

Method and system for rating patents and other intangible assets

Alerting Abstract ...NOVELTY - A predictive model or algorithm is constructed based on prestored series of data comprising selected metrics identifying/quantifying certain selected characteristics of intellectual property assets for which the event has/has not occurred, to generate an output score or estimated probability. The data comprising selected metrics related to assets of interest are added to algorithm, to estimate probability of future event...event probability report; automated method for enabling a user to access and operate a predetermined predictive computer model or algorithm to score or rate patents; method for estimating or rating the probability of a future event relative to a patent or group of patents

...USE - For estimating the probability of a future event occurring relative to a particular identified intellectual property asset or group of intellectual property assets of interest, patent or group of patents, for use by patent valuation experts, investment advisors, economists and others to help guide future patent investment decisions, licensing programs, patent appraisals, tax valuations, transfer pricing, economic forecasting and planning, mediation and/or settlement of patent litigation lawsuits...

...ADVANTAGE - Eliminates the need for collecting comparative market data of existing patent portfolios or  ${\tt calculating}$   ${\tt future}$  hypothetical income streams or royalty  ${\tt rates}$ , thereby enabling accurate statistical

```
... DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows a flowchart explaining the
process for estimating the probability of a future event occurring
relative to intellectual property assets.
Title Terms/Index Terms/Additional Words: ESTIMATE ; ...
... PROBABILITY ; ...
... FUTURE ; ...
... PROPERTIES ; ...
... MODEL ; ...
... CHARACTERISTIC ;
Class Codes
International Classification (Main): G06F-017/60
 (Additional/Secondary): G06F-101/14 ...
... G06F-015/00 ...
... G06F-017/18
Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-N01A2F ...
... T01-S03
Original Publication Data by Authority
```

valuations, ratings or rankings .

# Original Abstracts:

A statistical patent rating method and system is provided for independently assessing the relative breadth ("B"), defensibility ("D") and commercial relevance ("R") of individual patent assets and other intangible intellectual property assets. The invention provides new and valuable information that can be used by patent valuation experts, investment advisors, economists and others to help guide future patent investment decisions, licensing programs, patent appraisals, tax valuations, transfer pricing, economic forecasting and planning, and even mediation and/or settlement of patent litigation lawsuits. In one embodiment the invention provides a statistically-based patent rating method and system whereby relative ratings or rankings are generated using a database of patent information by identifying and comparing various characteristics of each individual patent to a statistically determined distribution of the same characteristics within a given patent population. For example, a first population of patents having a known...

...e.g. unsuccessfully litigated patents). Based on a statistical comparison of the two populations, certain **characteristics** are identified as being more prevalent or more pronounced in one population group or the other to a statistically **significant** degree. Multiple such statistical comparisons are used to construct and optimize a computer **model** or computer algorithm that can then be used to **predict** and/or provide statistically-accurate **probabilities** of a desired value or quality being present or a **future** event occurring, given the identified

characteristics of an individual patent or group of patents.
Claims:

What is claimed is: b 1 /b . A method for estimating the probability of a future event occurring relative to a particular identified intellectual property asset or group of intellectual property assets of interest, comprising: storing a first series of data comprising selected metrics identifying and/or quantifying certain selected characteristics of a first population of intellectual property assets for which the event has occurred; storing a second series of data comprising selected metrics identifying and/or quantifying said selected characteristics of a second population of intellectual property assets for which the event has not occurred or for which it is undetermined whether the event has occurred; constructing a predictive computer model or algorithm based on said stored first and second series of data, said algorithm being operable to retrieve said first and second series of stored data and to perform certain mathematical or statistical calculations thereon to generate an output score or estimated probability that is generally predictive of the event having either occurred or not occurred relative to each intellectual property asset in said first or second populations of intellectual property assets; and providing as input to said algorithm a third series of data comprising selected metrics identifying and/or quantifying certain selected characteristics of said particular identified intellectual property asset or group of intellectual property assets of interest and operating said computer model to calculate a relative ranking or estimated probability of the event occurring in the future relative to said identified intellectual property asset or group of intellectual property assets of interest.

61/3, K/23 (Item 23 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0014020988 - Drawing available

WPI ACC NO: 2004-202693/

Related WPI Acc No: 2002-643052

XRPX Acc No: N2004-161183

Desired items e.g. document recommendations list generating method for data mining purposes e.g. detecting user community, involves returning recommendation list of desired items that are ranked based on

probability of relevance

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Inventor: HOFMANN T; PUZICHA J C

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update
US 20040034652 A1 20040219 US 2000220926 P 20000726 200419 B

US 2001915755 A 20010726 US 2003639024 A 20030811

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2001915755 A 20010726; US 2000220926 P 20000726; US 2003639024 A 20030811

#### Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes
US 20040034652 A1 EN 26 15 Related to Provisional US 2000220926
Continuation of application US

2001915755

Desired items e.g. document recommendations list generating method for data mining purposes e.g. detecting user community, involves returning recommendation list of desired items that are ranked based on probability of relevance

# Original Titles:

System and method for personalized **search**, information filtering, and for generating recommendations utilizing statistical latent class **models** 

Alerting Abstract ...NOVELTY - The method involves receiving actual user profiles (111) a user query and a request to generate a recommendation list containing items that are ranked by their likelihood of being the desired items into a recommendation system. A probability of relevance for each item in data utilizing received models and data is computed. The list is returned so that each list has a ranked list of desired items based on the probability. DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a personalized search engine system for creating a recommendation list of desired items for a user...

... USE - Used for generating recommendations list of desired items e.g. product, and **document** for **data mining** purposes e.g. identifying user communities...

...ADVANTAGE - The method returns the recommendation list of desired items that are ranked based on probability of relevance and thus the method effectively predicts the sufficient number of users who share all interests of desired items...

...DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The drawing shows a schematic representation illustrating the information aggregation and **integration** of a personalized **search** engine system for creating a recommendation list of desired items for a user...

Title Terms.../Index Terms/Additional Words: DOCUMENT ; ...

... RANK ; ...

... PROBABILITY ; ...

... RELEVANT

#### Class Codes

International Classification (Main): G06F-017/00
Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-J05B2 ...

... T01-N02A3C ...

... T01-N02B2A ...

... T01-N03A2 ...

... T01-N03B2

Original Publication Data by Authority

# Original Abstracts:

...information and automated generation of user-specific recommendations. The system uses a statistical latent class model , also known as Probabilistic Latent Semantic Analysis, to integrate data including textual and other content descriptions of items to be searched , user profiles, demographic information, query logs of previous searches , and explicit user ratings of items. The disclosed system learns one or more statistical models based on available data. The learning may be reiterated once additional data is available. The statistical model , once learned, is utilized in various ways: to make predictions about item relevance and user preferences on un-rated items, to generate recommendation lists of items, to generate personalized search result lists, to disambiguate a users query , to refine a search , to compute similarities between items or users, and for data mining purposes such as identifying user communities.

# Claims:

...set of data including items, content descriptors for the items, user profiles about transactions, prior searches, user ratings or user actions, to generate a recommendation list of desired items, comprising the following steps:receiving into the recommendation system a set of statistical latent class models along with appropriate model combination weights, each possible combination of items, content descriptors, users, object or user attributes, and preferences being assigned a probability indicating the likelihood of that particular combination; receiving into the recommendation system at least one of: an actual user profile; a user query; and a request to generate at least one recommendation list, items in the recommendation list being ranked by their likelihood of being the desired items; computing a probability of

relevance for each item in the set of data utilizing the received set of models and data; returning at least one recommendation list, each recommendation list having a variable length and consisting of a ranked list of desired items, the items being ranking based on the computed probability of relevance.